

A meeting of the LICENSING COMMITTEE will be held as a REMOTE MEETING VIA MICROSOFT TEAMS on WEDNESDAY, 24 JUNE 2020 (ON THE RISING OF THE LICENSING AND PROTECTION COMMITTEE) and you are requested to attend for the transaction of the following business:-

AGENDA

APOLOGIES

1. MINUTES (Pages 3 - 6)

To approve as a correct record of the Minutes of the meetings held on 17th October 2018, 15th May 2019 and 17th June 2020. (Minutes of 17th June 2020 - TO FOLLOW).

Contact Officer: Democratic Services

2. MEMBERS INTERESTS

To receive from Members declarations as to disclosable pecuniary and other interests in relation to any Agenda Item.

Contact Officer: Democratic Services

3. LICENSING ACT 2003 - STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY (Pages 7 - 34)

To consider a report seeking approval of a draft Statement of Licensing Policy for public consultation.

Contact Officer: M Bebbington - (01480) 387075

4. LICENSING SUB COMMITTEES (Pages 35 - 38)

To receive a summary of the meetings of the Licensing Sub Committee that have taken place since the last meeting of the Committee.

Contact Officer: Democratic Services

16th day of June 2020 famebrater

Head of Paid Service

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests and Non-Statutory Disclosable Interests

Further information on <u>Disclosable Pecuniary Interests and Non - Statutory</u> <u>Disclosable Interests is available in the Council's Constitution</u>

Filming, Photography and Recording at Council Meetings

The District Council permits filming, recording and the taking of photographs at its meetings that are open to the public. It also welcomes the use of social networking and micro-blogging websites (such as Twitter and Facebook) to communicate with people about what is happening at meetings.

Arrangements for these activities should operate in accordance with <u>guidelines</u> agreed by the Council.

Please contact Mrs Claire Bulman, Democratic Services Officer, Tel: 01223 752547 / email: Democratic.Services@huntingdonshire.gov.uk if you have a general query on any Agenda Item, wish to tender your apologies for absence from the meeting, or would like information on any decision taken by the Committee.

Specific enquiries with regard to items on the Agenda should be directed towards the Contact Officer.

Members of the public are welcome to attend this meeting as observers except during consideration of confidential or exempt items of business.

Agenda and enclosures can be viewed on the District Council's website.

Emergency Procedure

In the event of the fire alarm being sounded and on the instruction of the Meeting Administrator, all attendees are requested to vacate the building via the closest emergency exit.

Agenda Item 1

HUNTINGDONSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

MINUTES of the meeting of the LICENSING COMMITTEE held in the CIVIC SUITE 0.1A, PATHFINDER HOUSE, ST MARY'S STREET, HUNTINGDON PE29 3TN on Wednesday, 17 October 2018

PRESENT: Councillor S J Criswell – Chairman.

Councillors B S Banks, J R Clarke, S J Corney, Mrs A Dickinson, Mrs P A Jordan and L W McGuire.

APOLOGIES: Apologies for absence from the meeting were submitted on behalf of Councillors Ms A Diaz, Mrs S A Giles and D J Mead.

7 MINUTES

The Minutes of the meeting held on 20th June 2018 were approved as a correct record and signed by the Chairman.

8 MEMBERS INTERESTS

No declarations were received.

9 GAMBLING ACT 2005 - STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES 2019

Pursuant to Minute No. 6 of their last meeting, consideration was given to a report by the Head of Community (a copy of which is appended in the Minute Book) to which was attached a revised draft Statement of Principles under the Gambling Act 2005. The Statement outlines the principles which the Council proposes to apply when exercising its functions under the Act. The Council is required to undertake a review of its Statement every three years, with the last review having taken place in 2015/16.

The draft Statement had been approved for public consultation by the Licensing Committee at its meeting on 20th June 2018. Consultation had taken place over a 10 week period between 29th June and 31st August 2018 and two responses had been received which had resulted in an amendment to section 16.14, relating to door supervisors. There had been no changes in legislation which warranted changes to the Statement.

Having been advised that the current Statement was scheduled to expire on 31st January 2019 and that the Council was required to adopt and publish a new Statement in advance of that date or it would be unable to fulfil its licensing duties, it was

RESOLVED

that the Council be recommended to approve the Statement of Principles 2019 as set out in Appendix 1 of the report now submitted.

10 LICENSING SUB COMMITTEES

With the aid of a report by the Elections and Democratic Services Manager (a copy of which is appended in the Minute Book) the Committee noted the details of three meetings of the Licensing Sub-Committee which had taken place since their last meeting.

Chairman

HUNTINGDONSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

MINUTES of the meeting of the LICENSING COMMITTEE held in the Civic Suite, Pathfinder House, St Mary's Street, Huntingdon PE29 3TN on Wednesday, 15 May 2019

PRESENT: Councillor S J Criswell – Chairman.

Councillors B S Banks, Mrs M L Beuttell, J R Clarke, Ms A Diaz, Mrs A Dickinson, Mrs S A Giles, L W McGuire, D J Mead, Mrs P E Shrapnel and R J West.

APOLOGY: An Apology for absence from the meeting was submitted on behalf of Councillor Mrs P A Jordan.

1 ELECTION OF CHAIRMAN

RESOLVED

that Councillor S J Criswell be elected Chairman of the Committee for the ensuing Municipal Year.

Councillor S J Criswell in the Chair.

2 MEMBERS INTERESTS

No declarations were received.

3 APPOINTMENT OF VICE-CHAIRMAN

RESOLVED

that Councillor J R Clarke be appointed Vice-Chairman of the Committee for the ensuing Municipal Year.

Chairman

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Agenda Item 3

Public Key Decision - No

HUNTINGDONSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

Title/Subject Matter: Policy	Licensing Act 2003-Statement of Licensing	
Meeting/Date:	Licensing Committee – 24 June 2020	
Executive Portfolio:	Cllr K Prentice – Executive Councillor for Communities	
Report by:	Acting Operations Manager (Business)	
Ward(s) affected:	All	

Executive Summary:

The Council is required to produce a Licensing Act 2003 Statement of Licensing Policy on which it will base its decisions. The production of the document required the Council to undertake a period of public consultation which will commence on 29th June 2020 and end on 8th September 2020 This report provides the Licensing Committee with a draft of the document to be consulted on and seeks the recommendation for approval of the consultation.

Once the consultation is complete a further report will be submitted detailing the responses and any subsequent recommendations to amend the policy after consultation.

If approved by the Committee the final policy will go forward for approval by full council and adoption by no later than 7th January 2021.

The costs of reviewing the statement will be set against the income from the application and annual licence fees received under the Licensing Act 2003 regime.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. That Members of the Licensing Committee note and provide any further comments on the Licensing Act 2003 Draft Statement of Licensing Policy that has been produced.
- 2. That approval to commence with a public consultation commencing 29th June be given.

1. PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

- 1.1 The Licensing Act 2003 (the Act), requires that for each five year period, the Council must determine its policy on how it will exercise its statutory duties relating to its licensing function and publish a statement of that policy before the beginning of the period. The Statement of Licensing Policy must be kept under review and approved by Full Council.
- 1.2 The current Huntingdonshire District Council policy expires on 6th January 2021 and the Council is required to determine the policy for the period 7th January 2021 to 6th January 2026, having undertaken public consultation and considered any feedback. If the Council fails to do this, then it will be unable to fulfil its licensing duties under the Act. It is vital therefore that we progress the consultation and subsequent approval and adoption of the draft document to enable us to meet the statutory timeframe.
- 1.3 The purpose of this report is to invite Members to recommend the approval of the draft document, for public consultation.
- 1.4 Through the document where new content has been added this is shown in bold italics. Where content has been changed or removed this is shown in red

2. WHY IS THIS REPORT NECESSARY/BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The Council is the 'Licensing Authority' for the purposes of the Act, having taken on its licensing responsibilities in 2005, when the Act came into effect. The Act requires the Licensing Authority to prepare and publish a 'Statement of Licensing Policy' that it proposes to apply in exercising its functions under the Act. The policy statement must be kept under review and reviewed at least every five years.
- 2.2 The Council is now required to undertake a review of its policy. The policy must be drafted and consulted upon prior to it being adopted. All comments received must be considered.
- 2.3 The current policy, prepared in 2015, reflected the legislation and Government Guidance at that time. Since this date, there have been some minor changes to the legislation and a number of updated versions of the Government Guidance have been issued, the latest being in April 2018.
- 2.4 The policy has therefore been re-drafted and takes into account the relevant legislative changes and provisions as they now apply to Huntingdonshire District Council. The revised document is attached as Appendix 1.

3. OPTIONS CONSIDERED/ANALYSIS

3.1 The Council has a statutory duty to adopt and publish a Statement of Licensing Policy before 7th January 2021 in order to fulfil its legal obligations under the Act.

4. KEY IMPACTS / RISKS

4.1 Failure to adopt a policy will result in Huntingdonshire District Council being unable to fulfil its statutory duties under the Licensing Act 2003

5. WHAT ACTIONS WILL BE TAKEN/TIMETABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION

5.1 The draft policy will be subject to public scrutiny between 29th June 2020 and 8th September 2020. A further final report will be submitted to Licensing Committee for any required amendments resulting from the consultation and then forwarded to Full Council for final approval in October 2020.

6. LINK TO THE CORPORATE PLAN, STRATEGIC PRIORITIES AND/OR CORPORATE OBJECTIVES

- 6.1 This Policy helps promote the following: -
 - Helping make Huntingdonshire a better place to live
 - Helping make Huntingdonshire a better place to work.
 - Create, protect and enhance our safe, clean and green environment
 - Supporting new and growing businesses

7. CONSULTATION

- 7.1 Before determining or revising its policy, legislation requires the licensing authority to consult with bodies prescribed in the Act. These include the police, fire and rescue and persons/bodies representative of local holders of personal and premises licences, club premises certificates and persons/bodies representative of businesses and residents in the area.
- 7.2 The consultation will take place between 29th June and 8th September in accordance with Cabinet Office guidelines. Wide consultation will be undertaken in accordance the legislation by a variety of means, including our website, and council offices and direct notification to as many interested parties as possible. If Libraries re-open following Covid 19, copies will be made available.
- 7.3 It is important that the views of the consultees are taken into account as part of the consultation and these will be collated and made available to the committee prior to any re-drafting of the revised statement recommended for approval.
- 7.4 The final policy must comply with the Act and Statutory Guidance. For this reason, it is not always possible to adopt all suggestions put forward, but consideration will be given to all representations and where they cannot be given consideration, reasons will be recorded.

8. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

- 8.1 Should the Council fail to have a policy in place by 7th January 2021, then it will be unable to fulfil its licensing duties under the Act, with possible additional financial and legal consequences arising as a result. The Licensing Act sets out key principles of:-
 - the prevention of crime and disorder,
 - public safety,
 - prevention of public nuisance, and.
 - the protection of children from harm.

Clearly, these principles have cognisance with our own Corporate Priorities and therefore the provision of a Licensing Act 2003 licensing regime must remain a priority

8.2 The Licensing Act 2003, Section 5 places a statutory obligation on the Council to prepare its Statement of Licensing Policy

9. **RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS**

9.1 The cost of implementing the policy is covered from fees income generated under the Licensing Act 2003.

10. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

10.1 No other implications are envisaged. The legislation sets out four licensing objectives to be followed and provides a number of checks and balances to protect the local environment and community.

11. REASONS FOR THE RECOMMENDED DECISIONS

11.1 The present Statement of Licensing Policy must be replaced for a further maximum period of five years.

12. LIST OF APPENDICES INCLUDED

Appendix 1 – Draft Statement of Licensing Policy

13. BACKGROUND PAPERS

Revised guidance issued under S.182 of the Licensing Act 2003 April 2018. https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uplo ads/attachment_data/file/705588/Revised_guidance_issued_under_secti on_182_of_the_Licensing_Act_2003_April_2018_.pdf

CONTACT OFFICER

Myles Bebbington Acting Operations Manager Email: myles.bebbington@huntingdonshire.gov.uk



THE LICENSING ACT 2003 STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY

7TH JANUARY 2021

Licensing Section, Community, Huntingdonshire District Council, Pathfinder House, St Mary's Street, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 3TN www.huntingdonshire.gov.uk

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Licensing Act 2003 Huntingdonshire District Council Statement of Licensing Policy for

Regulated Entertainment, Late Night Refreshment and the Sale of Alcohol

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1. Executive Summary

- 1.1 Section 5 of the Licensing Act 2003 has imposed a statutory duty on the Licensing Authority to produce a statement of licensing policy beginning with such day as the Secretary of State may by order appoint. The last policy commenced on 7th January 2016nd was initially for a period of three years, but was extended to five years following the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011.
- 1.2 This policy statement will therefore take effect from 7th January 2021. The policy statement will remain in existence for up to five years. This Licensing Authority may make revisions to it as it considers appropriate. It will be subject to review and further consultation before 7th January 2021, or as required by law.
- 1.3 Huntingdonshire District Council is the authority responsible for the licensing of such activities within Huntingdonshire and is referred to in this statement as the 'Licensing Authority'. This document sets out the Licensing Authority's policy, which will guide the Council when considering applications under the Act. The policy provides guidance on the general approach the Council, as the Licensing Authority within the meaning of the Act, will take in terms of licensing. However, each licence application will be considered separately on its individual merits.
- 1.4 It is recognised that licensed entertainment provides a valuable contribution which can have a positive impact towards the economy of the area. This authority seeks to balance the needs of local businesses and licensees, whilst protecting those of local residents and giving tougher controls for the police and the Licensing Authority.
- 1.5 This Licensing Authority recognises that in the absence of relevant representations it will grant licenses on the terms sought.
- 1.6 The Licensing Authority has had regard to the guidance issued by the Secretary of State under Section 182 of the Act when developing this statement of Licensing Policy. This Council may deviate from the guidance but will demonstrate good reasons for doing so.
- 1.7 The Licensing Authority may depart from this policy if the individual circumstances of any case merit such a decision in the interests of the promotion of the licensing objectives. This Council may deviate from this policy but will demonstrate good reasons for doing so.
- 1.8 The policy relates to all types of premises covered by the Act.

2. Purpose and Scope of the Licensing Policy

- 2.1 The Licensing Authority has a duty under the Act to carry out its functions by promoting the four licensing objectives, which are:
 - the prevention of crime and disorder
 - public safety
 - the prevention of public nuisance, and
 - the protection of children from harm

- 2.2 The Act regulates the following activities:
 - the sale by retail of alcohol
 - the supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club, or to the order of a member of a club
 - the provision of regulated entertainment
 - the provision of late night refreshment
- 2.3 The Licensing Authority will take this policy into account where its discretion is engaged (i.e. at a hearing following relevant representations).
- 2.4 In determining its statement of licensing policy, this Authority will have regard to the guidance issued by central government and other regulatory bodies to ensure that its actions are consistent with those nationally.
- 2.5 Licensing decisions will be made in accordance with the current legislation, case law, relevant guidance and in accordance with this policy.
- 2.6 This policy does not seek to undermine the right of any individual to apply under the Act for a variety of permissions and to have any such application considered on its individual merits. Nor does the Policy seek to override the right of a person to make representations on an application or to seek a review of a licence or certificate where provision has been made for them to do so in the Act.
- 2.7 Licensing is about regulating licensable activities on licensed premises, such as qualifying clubs, pubs and temporary events which fall within the terms of the Act. Any conditions imposed will focus on matters that individual licensees and others in possession of relevant authorisations are able to control.
- 2.8 Applicants for premises licences should be aware of the expectations of the licensing authority and the responsible authorities as to the steps that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, and to demonstrate knowledge of their local area when describing the steps they propose to take to promote the licensing objectives. This policy seeks to provide advice to applicants about the approach they should take to making applications and the view the council is likely to take on certain key issues where representations have been made.
- 2.9 This Licensing Authority will primarily focus on the direct impact the activities taking place at the licensed premises will have on those living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned.
- 2.10 Licensing law is not the primary mechanism for the general control of nuisance and anti- social behaviour by individuals once they are away from licensed premises and, therefore, beyond the direct control of the individual, club or business holding the licence, certificate or permission concerned. Nonetheless, it is a key aspect of such control and licensing laws will always be part of the holistic approach to the management of the evening and night-time economy in Huntingdonshire.
- 2.11 The views of all of those consulted will be given appropriate weight when the policy is determined together with those of any other persons or bodies which the Authority considers appropriate to consult with. When undertaking consultation exercises, this Authority will also have regard to cost and time.
- 2.12 In determining a licensing application the overriding principle will be that each application will be determined on its own merit, having regard to the need to promote the four licensing objectives and taking into account this licensing policy and the guidance issued under Section 182 by the Secretary of State.

Where it is necessary to depart from the guidance or this policy the council will give clear and cogent reasons for doing so.

2.13 It is now possible to make small changes to premises licences or club premises certificates through the minor variation process, which is cheaper, easier and quicker than the full variation process. The test for whether a proposed variation is 'minor' is whether it could impact adversely on any of the four licensing objectives. The council has issued guidance on this process which can be accessed on the council's website.

3. Duplication

3.1 So far as is possible, this policy seeks to avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes and if the control measures contained in any conditions sought are already provided for in other legislation, they cannot be imposed in the context of licensing law. It is not intended to duplicate existing legislation and regulatory regimes that already place obligations on employers and operators e.g. The Health & Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981 and the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

4. Strategies and Partnership working

- 4.1 By consultation and liaison, the Licensing Authority seeks to secure the proper integration of this licensing policy with local crime prevention, planning, transport, tourism, equality schemes, cultural, health and wellbeing strategies and any other plans introduced for the management of the town centres and the night-time economy. Many of these strategies may impact upon the four licensing objectives.
- **5.** Impact of Licensed Activity
- 5.1 Where no representations are made the council will grant a licence subject to conditions consistent with operating schedule.
- 5.2 When determining any application where relevant representations are made, the council will consider it in the light of the four licensing objectives and in order to support a number of other key aims and purposes as set out in this policy. The requirement to promote the licensing objectives will be the paramount consideration. The council will focus upon the impact of the activities taking place on members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity near the premises.

Where relevant representations are made in relation to a premises licence, club premises certificate or temporary event notice the following factors will normally be taken into account when the council is looking at the impact of the activities concerned:

- the style of operation, the numbers of customers and customer profile likely to attend the premises
- the location of the premises and the proximity of noise sensitive properties
- the proposed hours of operation
- any proposed methods for the dispersal of customers
- the scope for mitigating any impact
- the extent to which the applicant has offered conditions to mitigate the impact
- how often the activity occurs

- 5.3 In considering any application for a variation to a premises licence or club premises certificate where a relevant representation has been received, the council may take into account, in addition to the above matters, any evidence:
 - of past demonstrable adverse impact from the activity especially on local residents or businesses
 - that if adverse impact has been caused, appropriate measures have been agreed and put into effect by the applicant to mitigate that adverse impact.
- 6. Licensing Committee
- 6.1 The council has appointed a licensing committee of 15 Councillors. Licensing functions will often be delegated to a licensing subcommittee of consisting of not less than 2 Councillors or, in appropriate cases to officers of the council.
- 6.2 Councillors will have regard to the Huntingdonshire District Council Code of Conduct for Members. Where a Councillor who is a member of the Licensing Committee or subcommittee has a disclosable pecuniary interest in the application before them, in the interests of good governance they will disqualify themselves from any involvement in the decision making process in respect of that application.
- 6.3 A subcommittee may refer an application to another subcommittee or to the Licensing Committee where it is unable to deal with the application because of the number of members unable to vote on the matter in question.
- 6.4 The Licensing Committee will refer an application to the council where it is unable to deal with the application because of the number of members unable to vote on the matter in question

Representations

- 6.5 Depending on the type of application representations may be made by a responsible authority or other people (as defined by the Licensing Act 2003). The council has agreed protocols with responsible authorities and issued guidance to other people making representations, setting out the detail of the process. Guidance is available on the council website or by contacting Licensing.
- 6.6 Members of the public who wish to submit a representation in regards to a premises licence or club premises certificate application need to be aware that their personal details will be made available to the applicant. If this is an issue they may contact a local representative such as a ward, parish or town councillor or any other locally recognised body such as a residents association about submitting the representation on their behalf. The council is not able to accept anonymous representations. In addition the council cannot accept petitions which do not follow the guidance on the council's website.
- 6.7 Where a representation is received which is not from a responsible authority the council will in the first instance make a judgement on whether it is relevant, i.e. based upon one or more of the four licensing objectives.
- 6.8 *`Relevant representations' are representations:*
 - about the likely effect of the premises licence on the promotion of the licensing objectives;
 - which have not been withdrawn and are not, in the opinion of the council, frivolous or vexatious.
- 6.9 Where relevant representations are received about an application the council will hold a hearing to consider them unless the council, the applicant and everyone who has made representations agree that the hearing is not necessary.

Applicants and those making representations should seek, in advance of any hearing, to try to reach agreement or to narrow the areas in dispute, particularly where both are professionally represented.

6.10 Where hearings are required as a result of relevant representations, the council may extend the time limits involved in calling hearings in order to allow the parties to negotiate suitable conditions to be added to the operating schedule and avoid the need for a hearing. Such an extension of time is considered to be in the public interest.

7. Live Music Act

- 7.1 The Live Music Act came into force on 1st October 2012 and is designed to encourage more performances of 'live' music.
- 7.2 Where licensable activities continue to take place on premises any licence conditions relating to 'live' music will be suspended, but it will be possible to impose new, or reinstate existing conditions following a review. When considering whether an activity constitutes 'the provision of regulated entertainment' each case will be treated on its own merits.

8. Operating Schedules

- 8.1 Under the Licensing Act 2003 applicants are required to complete an 'operating schedule'. They are expected to have regard to the council's Statement of Licensing Policy. They must also be aware of the expectations of the licensing authority and the responsible authorities as to the steps that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and to demonstrate knowledge of their local area when describing the steps they propose to take to promote the licensing objectives.
- 8.2 Applicants should make their own enquiries and demonstrate how they have considered the following in their operating schedule:
 - The layout of the local area and physical environment including crime and disorder hotspots, proximity to residential premises and proximity to areas where children and young people may congregate;
 - Any risk posed to the local area by the proposed licensable activities; and
 - Any local initiatives (for example, local crime reduction initiatives or voluntary schemes such as local pub watch schemes, community based schemes which may help mitigate potential risks.
- 8.3 Whilst applicants are not required to seek the views of responsible authorities before formally submitting their application, they may find them to be a useful source of expert advice on local issues that should be taken into consideration when making an application. The council encourages co-operation between applicants, responsible authorities and, where relevant, local residents and businesses before applications are submitted in order to minimise the scope for disputes to arise.

9. Objectives

Each objective is of equal importance, and the four objectives will be paramount considerations for the council at all times.

- 9.1 It is for the applicant to decide what, if any, measures to suggest in its operating schedule in order to address any potential concerns that might arise in the promotion of the licensing objectives. Applicants are reminded that measures proposed in the operating schedules will be converted into conditions on their licence.
- 9.2 The council recommends that applicants risk assess their operation against the four licensing objectives to identify potential areas of concern.
- 9.3 The council recommends early consultation with responsible authorities. Many responsible authorities have produced guidance which applicants can take into account when assessing whether they need to include any measures in their application to promote the licensing objectives. In addition, many responsible authorities would be prepared to discuss matters on site with an applicant with a view to reaching agreement on measures to be proposed. Contact details for the responsible authorities are available from Entertainment Licensing. Guidance issued by the responsible authorities can be found on the council's website or by contacting Entertainment Licensing.

Prevention of crime and disorder

Under the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, the council must exercise its functions, having regard to the likely effect on crime and disorder in its area, and must do all it can to prevent crime and disorder.

Conditions attached to premises licenses and club premises certificates will so far as possible reflect local crime prevention strategies and should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder e.g. the use of closed circuit television cameras in certain premises, or a requirement for door supervisors, with security staff holding an appropriate licence.

Various 'PubWatch' schemes operate in Huntingdonshire which aim to counter individuals who damage property; are violent and cause disorder; or use or deal in drugs through exclusions. This Licensing Authority is supportive of such schemes and considers premises should join where it is appropriate to do so.

There are many steps an applicant may take to prevent crime and disorder. The council will look to the Police for the main source of advice on these matters.

Public safety

This Licensing Authority recognises that licence holders have a responsibility to ensure the safety of those using their premises. Matters in relation to public safety that could be considered include, fire safety matters, the presence of trained first aiders on the premises, waste disposal methods and CCTV provision. The measures that are appropriate to promote public safety will vary between premises and these matters may not apply in all cases.

Applicants should consider their individual circumstances when making applications, which steps are appropriate to promote the public safety objective and to demonstrate how they will achieve it.

The prevention of public nuisance

Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law definition.

The public nuisance objective is designed to focus on the effect of licensable activities at specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. These issues may concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.

Noise nuisance will usually concern steps to control the levels of noise emanating from the premises e.g. noise limiters, that doors and windows remain closed, or notices asking patrons to leave quietly.

The protection of children from harm

The protection of children from harm includes the protection of children from moral, psychological and physical harm. This includes not only protecting children from the harms associated directly with alcohol consumption but also wider harms such as exposure to strong language, sexual expletives, violence or frightening images, for example, in the context of film exhibitions, or where adult entertainment is provided.

Applicants will be expected to be clear in their operating schedules about the activities and times at which the events would take place to help determine when it is not appropriate for children to enter the premises.

Aspects of an application that would be likely to raise concerns in relation to access by children would include:

- adult entertainment is provided;
- a member or members of the current management have been convicted for serving alcohol to minors, or with a reputation for allowing underage drinking;
- it is known that unaccompanied children have been allowed access;
- there is known association with drug taking or dealing; or
- in some cases, the premises are used exclusively or primarily for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises.

It is not possible to provide an exhaustive list of the entertainment or services that are of an adult or sexual nature, therefore a common sense approach will be taken to interpretation. However such entertainment or services would also include entertainment involving strong and offensive language.

A very serious view is taken of the persistent and illegal sale of alcohol and other age-restricted goods to children. Together with the appropriate external partners, this Licensing Authority will continue to seek to ensure that illegal sales of alcohol and other age-restricted goods are reduced and ultimately eradicated.

The sale of alcohol to minors (under 18 years of age) is a criminal offence. [|]The Licensing Authority will maintain close contact with our partners regarding unlawful activities and share actions and intelligence where appropriate

10. The Licensing Authority as a Responsible Authority

10.1 This Licensing Authority acknowledges that it is now included in the list of responsible authorities. The 2003 Act does not require responsible authorities to make representations about applications for the grant of premises licences or to take

any other steps in respect of different licensing processes. Therefore, it is for this Licensing Authority to determine when it considers it appropriate to act in its capacity as a responsible authority.

- 10.2 This Licensing Authority will not normally act as a responsible authority on behalf of other parties (for example, local residents, local councillors or community groups). Such parties can make relevant representations to the Licensing Authority in their own right, and it is reasonable for this licensing authority to expect them to make representations themselves where they are reasonably able to do so. However, if these parties have failed to take action and this licensing authority is aware of relevant grounds to make a representation, a choice may be made to act in its capacity as responsible authority.
- 10.3 This Licensing Authority expects that other responsible authorities should intervene where the basis for the intervention falls within the remit of that other responsible authority. For example, the police should make representations where the representations are based on concerns about crime and disorder. Likewise, it is reasonable to expect the local authority exercising environmental health functions to make representations where there are concerns about noise nuisance.
- 10.4 In cases where this Licensing Authority is also acting as responsible authority there will be a separation of powers between those officers who exercise that role and those who administer the licensing application to ensure procedural fairness and eliminate conflicts of interest.

11. Responsible Authorities:

Police:

The Chief Officer of Police, Cambridgeshire Constabulary, Huntingdon Police Station, Ferrars Road, Huntingdon, PE29 3DQ Tel: 01480 456111

Fire and Rescue:

Cambridgeshire Fire and Rescue Service, Fire Safety Department, Huntingdon Fire Station, Hartford, Huntingdon, Cambs, PE29 3RH

Child Protection:

Child Protection Services, Licensing Applications, OCYPS, PO Box 144, St Ives, Cambs, PE27 9AU Tel: 0345 045 5203

Public Health:

The Director of Public Health, C/O Head of Public Health Programmes, Cambridgeshire County Council, Scott House, PO Box No SCO2213, 5, George Street, Huntingdon, PE29 3AD

Trading Standards:

Supporting Business and Communities, Cambridgeshire County Council, PO Box 450, Great Cambourne, Cambridge, CB23 6ZR

The Licensing Authority, Planning, Environmental Protection and Health and Safety:

The Licensing Authority - Licensing Planning – The Head of Planning Services Environmental Protection and Health & Safety – The Chief Operating Officer Huntingdonshire District Council, Pathfinder House, St Mary's Street, Huntingdon, PE29 3TN Tel 01480 388388

In addition, for vessels:

Great Ouse and Stour Waterways, Environment Agency, Kingfisher House, Goldhay Way, Orton Goldhay, Peterborough, Cambs, PE2 7ZR Tel 01733 371811

The Surveyor in Charge, Maritime and Coastguard Agency, East Terrace, Walton-onthe-Naze, Essex CO14 8PY Tel 01255 682107

The Team Leader, River Nene, Nene House, Pytchley Road Industrial Estate, Pytchley Lodge Road, Kettering, Northants, NN15 6JN Tel 01536 517721

12. Planning

- 12.1 The planning and licensing regimes will be properly separated to avoid duplication and inefficiency. The planning and licensing regimes involve consideration of different (albeit related) matters. Licensing Committees are not bound by decisions made by a planning committee and vice versa. It should be noted however that there is no legal basis for the licensing authority to refuse a licence application because it does not have planning permission.
- 12.2 When a terminal hour has been set as a condition of planning permission that is different from the licensing hours, the applicant must observe the earlier of the two closing times.
- 12.3 Where appropriate there will be liaison between the Licensing Committee and the Planning Committee.

13. Licensing Hours

- 13.1 When the Licensing Authority's discretion is engaged, consideration will be given to the individual merits of an application in line with the four licensing objectives and any relevant representations.
- 13.2 This Licensing Authority recognises that in some circumstances, flexible licensing hours for the sale of alcohol need to be managed effectively to ensure that the concentrations of customers leaving premises simultaneously are avoided. This is necessary to reduce the friction at late night fast food outlets, taxi ranks and other sources of transport, which may lead to disorder and disturbance.
- 13.3 Shops, stores and supermarkets, will generally be permitted to provide sales of alcohol for consumption off the premises at any times when the retail outlet is open for shopping unless representations raise reasons, based on the licensing objectives for restricting those hours.

14. Temporary Event Notices

- 14.1 The most important aspect of the system of temporary event notices is that no permission is required for these events from the council. In general, only the police or Environmental Health may intervene to prevent such an event or modify the arrangements for such an event. The council will only intervene itself if the limits on the number of notices that may be given in various circumstances would be exceeded. This requires the notification of a qualifying event to the Licensing Authority, Environmental Health and Cambridgeshire Constabulary, subject to fulfilling certain conditions.
- 14.2 There are two types of TEN; a standard TEN and a late TEN. These have different notice periods. A standard TEN is given no later than ten working days before the event to which it relates; a late TEN is given not before nine and not later than five working days before the event. In both instances this does not include the date of the event or the date the council receives the notice.
- 14.3 The Licensing Authority would encourage event organisers not to rely on giving the minimum amount of notice, given the possibility of police intervention. Event organisers are encouraged to contact the police and environmental health as early as possible about their proposed event(s).
- 14.4 Where the application is not within the parameters defined in the legislation, the Licensing Authority will issue a Counter Notice to the person giving the TEN.
- 14.5 Notice givers will be advised of police powers to close down an event with no notice on grounds of disorder or because of public nuisance caused by noise emanating from the premises.

15. Sexual Entertainment

- 15.1 This Licensing Authority has adopted a policy in relation sexual entertainment venues under the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982, as amended by the Policing and Crime Act 2009. With reference to this related policy standard conditions are attached to such licences and where there are similar conditions in the two regimes, the more onerous apply.
- 15.2 This Licensing Authority acknowledges there is an exemption under the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 that allows premises to provide sexual entertainment no more than 11 times per year and no more frequently than monthly.

16. Entertainment Provision

16.1 This Licensing Authority welcomes a broad range of entertainment provision for enjoyment by a wide cross-sector of the public. The Authority will endeavour to strike a balance between promoting the provision of entertainment and addressing concerns relevant to the licensing objectives.

17. Cumulative Impact and Special Policies

17.1 Cumulative impact is the potential impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives

of a significant number of licensed premises concentrated in one area.

- 17.2 The cumulative impact of licensed premises on the promotion of the licensing objectives is a matter that this Licensing Authority can consider.
- 17.3 This Licensing Authority can adopt a special policy on cumulative impact if there is an evidential basis that a significant number of licensed premises concentrated in one area is causing a cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives.
- 17.4The absence of a special policy does not prevent any responsible authority or other person making representations on a new application for the grant or variation of a licence on the grounds that the premises will give rise to a detrimental cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives in a particular area.
- 17.5 If after considering the available evidence and consulting relevant individuals and organisations, this Licensing Authority is satisfied that it is appropriate to include an approach to cumulative impact in the statement of licensing policy, a special policy will be included in the statement that the licensing authority will generally refuse new applications for premises licences or club premises certificates whenever relevant representations are received about the cumulative impact on the licensing objectives.
- 17.6 The steps to be followed in considering whether to adopt a special policy within the statement of licensing policy will be:
 - the identification of concern about crime and disorder, public safety, public nuisance or the protection of children from harm;
 - consideration as to whether there is good evidence that crime and disorder or nuisance are occurring, or whether there are activities which pose a threat to public safety or the protection of children from harm;
 - if such problems are occurring, to identify whether these problems are being caused by the customers of licensed premises, or that the risk of cumulative impact is imminent;
 - identification of the boundaries of the area where problems are occurring;
 - consultation with those specified in the Act and subject to the outcome of the consultation, include and publish details of the special policy in the licensing policy statement.

Other mechanisms for controlling cumulative impact

- 17.7 Once away from licensed premises, a minority of consumers will behave badly and unlawfully. The licensing policy is part of a much wider strategy for addressing these problems. Other mechanisms both within and outside the licensing regime are available for addressing such issues. For example:
 - planning controls;
 - positive measures to create a safe and clean town centre environment in partnership with local businesses, transport operators and other departments of the local authority;
 - the provision of CCTV surveillance in town centres, ample taxi ranks, provision of public conveniences open late at night, street cleaning and litter patrols:
 - powers of local authorities to designate parts of the local authority area as places where alcohol may not consumed publicly; the confiscation of alcohol from adults and children in designated areas;

 - police enforcement of the general law concerning disorder and antisocial behaviour, including the issuing of fixed penalty notices;
 - prosecution for the offence of selling alcohol to a person who is drunk (or

allowing such a sale);

- police powers to close down instantly for up to 24 hours any licensed premises or temporary events on grounds of disorder, the likelihood of disorder or excessive noise emanating from the premises causing a nuisance;
- the power of the Police, other responsible authority or a local resident or business to seek a review of the licence or certificate in question;
- raising a contribution to policing the late night economy through the Late Night Levy;
- Early Morning Alcohol Restriction Orders
- 17.8 The above may be supplemented by other local initiatives that seek to address these problems, for example through the Huntingdonshire Community Safety Partnership in line with the strategic objectives for crime and disorder reduction within the district.

18. Early Morning Restriction Orders

- 18.1 The power for this Licensing Authority to introduce an EMRO is specified in sections 172A to 172E of the 2003 Act which was amended by Section 119 of the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011. These provisions and the regulations prescribing the requirements in relation to the process were brought in force on 31St October 2012. Government Guidance has also been produced.
- 18.2 The legislation provides this Licensing Authority with the discretion to restrict sales of alcohol by introducing an EMRO to tackle high levels of alcohol related crime and disorder, nuisance and anti- social behaviour. The order may be applied to the whole or part of this licensing authority's area and if relevant on specific days and at specific times. This licensing authority must be satisfied that such an order would be appropriate to promote the licensing objectives.
- 18.3 The only exemptions relating to EMROs are New Year's Eve and the provision of alcohol to residents in premises with overnight accommodation by means of mini bars and room service.
- 18.4 The decision to implement an EMRO will be evidence based. The function of making, varying or revoking an EMRO is specifically excluded from the delegation of functions and may not be delegated to the licensing committee.

19. Late Night Levy

- 19.1 The legislative provisions relating to the late night levy are not part of the Licensing Act 2003 but are contained in Sections 125 to 139 of the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011. The provisions came into force on 31St October 2012.
- 19.2 Regulations have been brought into force setting out the way in which the levy must be applied and administered, and arrangements for expenses, exemptions and reductions. Government Guidance has been produced.
- 19.3 These powers enable licensing authorities to charge a levy in relation to persons who are licensed to sell or supply alcohol late at night as a means of raising a contribution towards the costs of policing the night-time economy. The function of making, varying or ceasing the requirement for a levy may not be delegated to the licensing committee.

20. Public Spaces Protection Order

20.1 The Designated Public Place Order (DPPO) was replaced by the Public Spaces Protection Order (PSPO) in the Anti-social Behaviour Crime and Policing Act 2014. DPPO's continue to be valid for a period of three years following commencement of the PSPO. Once the three-year period expires, they are treated as a PSPO and enforceable as such. At the time of reviewing this policy the following orders are in place:-

identified areas of St Ives (To prevent anti-social use of vehicles) expires • May 2023

21. Children

- 21.1 There are a great variety of premises for which licences may be sought, including theatres, cinemas, restaurants, concert halls, cafes, take-away food businesses and fast food outlets, community halls and schools, as well as public houses and nightclubs.
- 21.2 This Licensing Authority will not seek to limit the access of children to any premises unless it is necessary for the prevention of harm to children. Conditions requiring the admission of children to any premises cannot be attached to licences or certificates.
- 21.3 No statement of policy can properly anticipate every issue of concern that could arise in respect of children in relation to individual premises and therefore the individual merits of each application will be considered in each case.
- 21.4 Conditions relating to the access of children where alcohol is sold and which are appropriate to protect them from harm will be carefully considered. Conditions restricting access of children to premises will also be considered in circumstances where:
 - adult entertainment is provided;
 - a member or members of the current management have been convicted for serving alcohol to minors, or with a reputation for allowing underage drinking;
 - it is known that unaccompanied children have been allowed access;
 - there is known association with drug taking or dealing; or
 - in some cases, the premises are used exclusively or primarily for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises.
- 21.5 The range of alternatives which may be considered for limiting the access of children where they are appropriate to protect children from harm can include:
 - restrictions on the hours when children may be present; •
 - restrictions or exclusions on the presence of children under certain ages when particular specified activities are taking place; restrictions on the parts of the premises to which children may have access; age restrictions (below 18)

 - restrictions or exclusions when certain activities are taking place;
 - requirements for an accompanying adult (including for example, a combination of requirements which provide that children under a particular age must be accompanied by an adult); and
 - full exclusion of people under 18 from the premises when any licensable activities are taking place.
- 21.6 The Licensing Authority commends the Portman Code of Practice on the naming, packaging and promotion of alcoholic drinks. The Code seeks to ensure that drinks are packaged and promoted in a socially responsible manner and only to those who are 18 years old or older.

- 21.7 This Licensing Authority recognises the Office of Children and Young People's Services (Social Care) of Cambridgeshire County Council as being competent to advise on matters relating to the protection of children from harm.
- 21.8 Where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibition of a film, a condition will be included requiring the admission of children to films be restricted in accordance with recommendations given either by a body designated under section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984 specified in the licence e.g. the British Board of Film Classification, or by this Authority itself.
- 21.9 This Licensing Authority will expect licence holders or clubs to include in their operating schedules arrangements for restricting children from viewing age-restricted films classified according to the recommendations of the British Board of Film Classification (or other body designated under section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984) or the licensing authority itself.

22. Alcohol Deliveries

- 22.1 An applicant seeking a licence that will enable them to provide alcohol as part of an alcohol delivery service should include in their operating schedule the procedures they intend to operate to ensure that:
 - The person they are selling alcohol to is over the age of 18
 - That alcohol is only delivered to a person over the age of 18

• That a clear document trail of the order process from order, despatch from the licensed premises and delivery to the customer is maintained (with times and signatures) and available for inspection by an authorised officer

• The time that alcohol is sold on the website/over the phone and the time the alcohol is delivered is within the hours stated on the licence for the sale of alcohol.

23. Staff Training

- 23.1 The council recommends that all people employed on licensed premises who are engaged in the sale and supply of alcohol be encouraged to attend training programmes to raise awareness of their responsibility and particularly of the offences contained within the Act. Similarly people employed at on-licensed premises should be encouraged to attend training programmes which will raise their awareness of the issues relating to drugs and violence in licensed premises, and that suitable training be extended to all staff involved in managing or supervising the premises.
- 23.2 It is also recommended that people employed on premises providing entertainment for children and youths attend training programmes in basic child protection and safety, and if appropriate have the necessary DBS checks.
- 23.3 All people employed on licensed premises should be provided with in-house training on basic public safety and the housekeeping arrangements relative to those premises

24. Conditions

- 24.1 Conditions (other than the statutory mandatory conditions) may only be attached to a licence or club premises certificate if relevant representations are received (except for conditions drawn from the applicant's operating schedule since these are voluntary propositions). Any such conditions will be tailored to the individual style and characteristics of the premises and events concerned. This is essential to avoid the imposition of disproportionate and overly burdensome conditions.
- 24.2 Conditions will generally be considered unnecessary if they are already adequately covered by other legislation.
- 24.3 Blanket standard conditions will not be imposed without regard to the merits of the individual case.

25. Reviews

- 25.1 The proceedings set out in the Act for reviewing premises licences and club premise certificates represents a key protection for the community where problems associated with the licensing objectives occur after the grant or variation of a premises licence or club premise certificate.
- 25.2 At any stage following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask this Licensing Authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives.
- 25.3 This Licensing Authority will work in partnership with other responsible authorities to achieve the promotion of the licensing objectives and will give licence or certificate holder's early warning of any concerns identified at a premises. The Licensing Authority will also encourage other responsible authorities to do the same.
- 25.4 When a review has been requested the role of the Licensing Authority will be to administer the process and determine its outcome at a hearing. Where the Licensing Authority had applied to review an authorisation, there will be a clear separation of responsibilities to ensure procedural fairness and eliminate conflicts of interest.
- 25.5 This Licensing Authority may decide that no action is necessary if it finds that the review does not require it to take any appropriate steps to promote the licensing objectives. In appropriate cases this Authority may issue an informal warning to the licence holder and/or recommend improvement within a particular period of time. Any warnings will be issued in writing.
- 25.6 Where this Licensing Authority considers that action under its statutory powers is appropriate it may take any of the following steps:
 - modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition);
 - exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence;
 - remove the designated supervisor;
 - suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
 - revoke the licence.
- 25.7 In cases where the crime prevention objective is being undermined, this Licensing Authority will seriously consider revocation of the licence, even in the first instance.

26. Enforcement

- 26.1 This Licensing Authority will consult and liaise with the local police and any other relevant enforcement body on enforcement issues. This will provide for the targeting of agreed problem and high- risk premises which require greater attention while providing a lighter touch for low risk premises or those that are well run.
- 26.2 In general, action will only be taken in accordance with the Council's licensing compliance and enforcement policy, as adopted at the time, which reflects the Council's obligations relating to licensing enforcement. The key principles of consistency, openness, proportionality, clear standards and practices, courtesy and helpfulness and training will be maintained. The policy is available on our website www.huntingdonshire.gov.uk or a copy can be made available upon request. This Licensina Authoritv will also have regard the Regulators' Code to https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/regulators-code or future any replacement.

27. Licence Suspensions

27.1 This is a power brought as part of the amendments brought about by the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011. This Licensing Authority must suspend premises licences and club premises certificates on the non-payment of annual fees. The procedure to be used is set out in regulation.

28. Administration, Exercise and Delegation of Functions

- 28.1 The functions of the Licensing Authority under the Act may be taken or carried out by the Licensing Committee, by a Sub-Committee or by one or more officers acting under delegated authority.
- 28.2 Many of the decisions and functions will be largely administrative in nature. In the interests of speed, efficiency and cost-effectiveness these will, for the most part be delegated to officers as set out in the Huntingdon District Council Constitution.
- 28.3 On applications where there are relevant representations these will be dealt with by a Committee or sub-committee of the Licensing Authority, as will any application for review of a licence.
- 28.4 This Licensing Authority will expect applicants to address the licensing objectives in their Operating Schedule having regard to the type of premises, the licensable activities to be provided, the operational procedures, the nature of the location and the needs of the local community.
- 28.5 Applicants will be encouraged to make themselves aware of any relevant planning and transportation policies, tourism and cultural strategies or local crime prevention strategies and to have taken these into account, where appropriate, when formulating their Operating Schedule.
- 28.6 The 2003 Act provides that decisions and functions may be taken or carried out by licensing committees or delegated to sub-committees or in appropriate cases, to officials supporting the Licensing Authority. In the interests of speed, efficiency and cost-effectiveness, as many of the decisions and functions will be purely administrative in nature, functions will be delegated to the appropriate level within the organisation where possible. See Annex 1.

29. Advice and Guidance

29.1 Advice can be obtained via the Licensing Team and we will assist people on the types of licences they will need to apply for, the team can be contacted in the following ways:-

Website: <u>www.huntingdonshire.gov</u> <u>.uk</u>

Email : licensing@huntingdonshire.gov.uk

In person or writing to: The Licensing Team Huntingdonshire District Council Pathfinder House St Mary's Street Huntingdon PE29 3TN

30. Appendices

30.1 The following appendices are provided with this policy:
 Appendix 1 – Delegation of Functions
 Appendix 2 – Other policies, legislation and guidance sources
 Appendix 3 – Useful references (organisations)

31. Equal Opportunities

- 31.1 This Licensing Authority will have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimization; to advance equality of opportunity; and to foster good relations between persons with different protected characteristics. The protected characteristics are age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 31.2 In implementing the Licensing Act 2003, associated legislation and guidance, this Licensing Authority is committed to ensuring that the obligations and duties within this legislation are met.

32. Review of the Policy

- 32.1 This licensing policy will be formally reviewed and published every five years (section 5 Licensing Act 2003). This review of the policy will be subject to the consultation process. In addition, Section 5(4) of the Act provides that the licensing authority must keep its policy under review during each five year period and make appropriate revisions. Again, any revisions will be subject to consultation.
- 32.2 Where a special policy relating to cumulative impact or early morning restriction orders is adopted this will be reviewed regularly at least every five years, to assess whether it is needed any longer, or indeed needs expanding.

Appendix 1 - Delegation of functions

Matter to be dealt with	Full Committee	Sub Committee or Panel	Officers
Application for personal licence	-	If a police objection made	If no objection made
Application for personal licence with unspent convictions	-	All cases	-
Application for premises licence/club premises certificate	-	If a relevant representation made	If no relevant representation made
Application for provisional statement	-	If a relevant representation made	If no relevant representation made
Application to vary premises licence/club premises certificate	-	If a relevant representation made	If no relevant representation made
Application to vary designated premises supervisor	-	If a police objection	All other cases
Request to be removed as designated premises supervisor	-	-	All cases
Application for transfer of premises licence	-	If a police objection	All other cases
Application for interim authorities	-	If a police objection	All other cases
Application to review premises licence/club premises certificate	-	All cases	-
Decision on whether a representation is irrelevant, frivolous, vexatious etc	-	-	All cases
Decision to object when a local authority is a consultee and not the relevant authority considering the application	-	All cases	-
Determination of application to vary premises licence at community premises to include alternative licence	-	If a police objection	All other cases
Decision whether to consult on other responsible authorities on minor variation application	-	-	All cases
Determination of minor variation application	-	-	All cases
Determination of a police objection to a temporary event notice	-	All cases	-

Appendix 2 - Other policies, legislation and guidance sources

There are a number of other local and national policies, strategies, responsibilities, and guidance documents which should be taken into account in order to complement this authority's licensing policy. In particular the policy should provide a clear indication of how the licensing authority will secure the proper integration of the licensing policy and other local policies such as the local crime prevention, planning, transport, tourism, cultural strategies and the local alcohol policy.

Legislation (i)

- The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974
- The Environmental Protection Act 1990
- The Noise Act 1996
- Crime and Disorder Act 1998
- Human Rights Act 1998
- Criminal Justice and Police Act 2001
- Private Security Industry Act 2001
- Anti-Social Behaviour Act 2003
- The Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act 2005
- The Gambling Act 2005
- The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005
- The Health Act 2006
- Violent Crime Reduction Act 2006
- Policing and Crime Act 2009
- Equalities Act 2010
- Crime and Security Act 2010
- The Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011
- Live Music Act 2012
- Anti-social Behaviour Crime and Policing Act 2014
- Deregulation Act 2015
- Police and Crime Act 2017

Note: These and other relevant pieces of legislation can be found at www.opsi.gov.uk

(ii) **Strategies and Policies**

- Alcohol Strategy
- Alcohol Harm Reduction Strategy in Cambridgeshire
- Best Bar None
- British Beer and Pub Association Partnerships Initiative
- Community Alcohol Strategy
- Community Safety Strategy
- Crime & Disorder Reduction Strategy Council's Licensing Compliance and Enforcement Policy
- Cultural and Tourism Strategies including promotion of live music and community events
- Home Office: Selling Alcohol Responsibly: Good Practice Examples from the Alcohol Retail and Hospitality Industries
- Local Development Framework
- Local Transport Plan
- Memorandum of Understanding and Joint Enforcement Protocol
- National and local PubWatch schemes
- Portman Group Code of Practice on the Naming, Packaging and Promotion of Alcoholic Drinks

- Purple Flag (ATCM)
- Regulators' Code
- Safer Socialising

(iii) Guidance Documents

- Home Office 'Practical Guide for Preventing and Dealing with Alcohol Related Problems
- Home Office Designated Public Place Order (DPPO) Guidance
- Home Office s182 Guidance
- BRDO Age Restricted Products and Services Code of Practice
- Guidance on Running Events Safely
- The Purple Guide
- Licensing Large Scale Events (Music Festivals etc)
- Managing Crowds Safely
- Five Steps to Risk Assessment
- The Guide to Safety at Sports Grounds
- Safety Guidance for Street Arts, Carnivals, Processions and Large-scale Performances
- <u>UK BIDS: Business Improvement Districts</u> (national BIDS advisory service)
- BIS Code of Practice on Consultation
- The Plain English Campaign
- (iv) Relevant case law regarding policy statements
 - Limits of licensing policy: <u>BBPA & Others v Canterbury City Council [2005] EWHC 1318 (Admin)</u>
 - "Strict" licensing policies and exceptions to policy: <u>R (Westminster City Council) v Middlesex Crown Court and Chorion plc [2002] LLR</u> <u>538</u>
 - Cumulative impact policies and hours <u>R (JD Wetherspoon plc) v Guildford Borough Council [2006] EWHC 815 (Admin)</u>
 - Duplication and conditions: <u>R (on the application of Bristol Council) v Bristol Magistrates' Court [2009] EWHC</u> <u>625 (Admin)</u>
 - Extra-statutory notification by the licensing authority:
 <u>R (on the application of Albert Court Residents Association and others) v</u>
 <u>Westminster City Council [2010] EWHC 393 (Admin)</u>
 - The prevention of crime and disorder: ambit of the objective <u>Blackpool Council, R (on the application of) v Howitt [2008]</u>
 - Crime and disorder: sanctions on review: deterrence
 <u>Bassetlaw District Council, R (on the application of) v Workshop Magistrates Court</u>
 [2008]

Note: This list is not exhaustive

Appendix 3 Useful References (organisations)

Local Government Association: http://www.local.gov.uk/regulatory-services-and-licensing

Association of Convenience Stores (ACS) http://www.acs.org.uk/

Association of Licensed Multiple Retailers (ALMR) Now incorporating Bar, Entertainment and Dance Association (BEDA) http://www.almr.org.uk/

Association of Town Centre Managers (ACTM and Purple Flag) http://www.atcm.org/

Better Regulation Delivery Office (BRDO) http://www.bis.gov.uk/brdo

British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA) http://www.beerandpub.com/

British Board of Film Classification (BBFC) http://www.bbfc.co.uk/

British Institute of Inn Keeping (BII) http://www.bii.org/home

British Retail Consortium (BRC) http://www.brc.org.uk/brc_home.asp

Cinema Exhibitors' Association (CEA) http://www.cinemauk.org.uk/

Department for Culture, Media and Sport www.culture.gov.uk

Home Office www.homeoffice.gov.uk

Institute of Licensing (IOL) http://www.instituteoflicensing.org/

Licensed Victuallers Associations (LVAs) http://www.flva.co.uk/

National Association of Licensing and Enforcement Officers (NALEO) http://www.naleo.org.uk/

The Portman Group http://www.portmangroup.org.uk/ This page is intentionally left blank

Agenda Item 4

Public Key Decision - No

HUNTINGDONSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

Title/Subject Matter:	Licensing Sub Committees	
Meeting/Date:	Licensing Committee – 24 June 2020	
Executive Portfolio:	Councillor Keith Prentice, Executive Councillor for Communities.	
Report by:	Elections and Democratic Services Manager	

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Licensing Sub Committee comprising three Members of the Licensing and Committee is convened when necessary to determine such matters which have been delegated to it in accordance with the Licensing Act 2003. Below is a summary of the meetings that have taken place since the last meeting of the Committee. Full copies of the Hearing Records are available on request.

Meeting Date	Chairman	Application	Determination
10 January 2019	S Criswell	Review of a Premises Licence – Bollywood Tiger, Yaxley	Licence Revoked.
January 2019	S Criswell	Review of a Premises Licence – Kings Head Hotel / Nawab Lounge	with as all parties
29 May 2019	S Criswell	Application for a premises Licence – Holmewood Hall, Holme	
30 July 2019	S Criswell	Application for a Temporary Events Notice – Dolphin Hotel, St Ives	0
9 August 2019	S Criswell	Variation of a Premises Licence – Pike and Eel Hotel and Marina, Needingworth	Application granted with conditions.

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19 August 2019	J Clarke	Variation of a Premises Licence – The Crown Inn, Broughton	
19 November 2019	J Clarke	Variation of a Club Premises Licence – Montagu Working Men's Club, Huntingdon	Application Refused.
9 January 2020	S Criswell	Application for a Premises Licence – Take 2 Alehouse, Fenstanton PE28 9LZ	Licence Granted with additional condition.
4 March 2020	S Criswell	Application for a Premises Licence –	Application granted subject to additional conditions.

2. **RECOMMENDATION**

2.1 The Committee are invited to note the above information.

BACKGROUND PAPERS

Agenda, Reports and Records of Licensing Sub Committee meetings held in the Corporate Office.

Contact Officer: Mrs C Bulman, Democratic Services - 🖀 01480 388234.

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